

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR  
WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION  
Washington

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 74

AMENDING DEFINITION OF "JEWELRY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY"  
AS CONTAINED IN ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 66  
APPOINTING INDUSTRY COMMITTEE NO. 17

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, I, Philip B. Fleming, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, do hereby amend the definition of the term "jewelry manufacturing industry" as contained in paragraph 2 of Administrative Order No. 66, dated October 23, 1940, to read as follows:

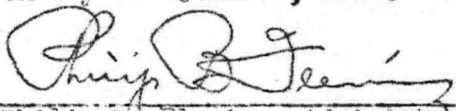
(a) The manufacturing, processing, or assembling, wholly or partially from any material, of jewelry, commonly or commercially so known. Jewelry as used herein includes, without limitation, religious school, college, and fraternal insignia; articles of ornament or adornment designed to be worn on apparel or carried on or about the person, including, without limitation, cigar and cigarette cases, holders and lighters; watch cases, metal mesh bags and metal watch bracelets; and chain, mesh, and parts for use in the manufacture of any of the articles included in this definition. Jewelry as used herein does not include pocket knives, cigar cutters, badges, emblems, military and naval insignia, belt buckles, and handbag and pocket-book frames and clasps, or commercial compacts and vanity cases, except when made from or embellished with precious metals or precious, semi-precious, synthetic or imitation stones; and the assaying, refining, and smelting of base or precious metals.

The term "parts" as used in the foregoing paragraph does not include parts which are used predominately for products other than jewelry, such as springs, blades, and nail files. The term "commercial compacts and vanity cases" as used means compacts and vanity cases which bear the trade name or mark of a cosmetic manufacturer and are made for the purpose of distributing and advertising said cosmetics.

(b) The manufacturing, cutting, polishing, encrusting, engraving, and setting of precious, semi-precious, synthetic, and imitation stones.

(c) The manufacturing, drilling, and stringing of pearls, imitation pearls, and beads designed for use in the manufacture of jewelry.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 26th day of November, 1940.

  
Philip B. Fleming, Administrator  
Wage and Hour Division  
Department of Labor